Your Roll No.

M.Tech. / Sem. III A CHEMICAL SYNTHESIS AND PROCESS TECHNOLOGIES

Paper Module – 22 : Industrially Important Solids (Admission of 2008 and onwards)

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 38

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Answer all questions of any three parts.

Part I

- A (06) Discuss the origin of the pH dependent and independent acidic sites in clay minerals?
- B (06) List out the h, k, l values for the first ten reflections of a solid crystallizing in a body centered cubic structure.

IP.T.O.

Part II

- A (06) Describe a method by which the surface acidity and cation exchange capacity of a naturally occurring clay sample can be estimated.
- B (07) With the help of a suitable example, discuss how the radius ratio of the ions involved can be useful in predicting the structure of a solid. How do you estimate the average crystallite size of a solid sample from its powder X-ray diffraction patterns?

Part III

- A (06) With the help of an appropriate diagram discuss the structural differences between the Amphibole and Pyroxene minerals.
- B (07) Discuss the reason behind the shape and size selectivity of zeolite catalysis. Is ZSM 5 a better Catalyst for fluid cracking? Justify your answer.

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Part IV

A (06) Predict the structure and geometry of any 03 of the following.

$$[Fe_4C(CO)_{12}]^{-2}$$
, $[H_3Ru_4(CO)_{12}]^{-1}$, $[Os_{10}C(CO)_{24}^{-2}$, $[Os_8(CO)_{22}]^{-2}$, $[Mn_3(CO)_{14}]^{-1}$

B (06) The lattice parameters of a primitive cubic zeolite is 4.200 Å, calculate the 20 positions and d values of the 301, 400 and the 111 reflections determined by copper radiation ($\lambda = 1.5405$ Å).