MHROD / II Sem.

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Course 626— ECONOMIC AND ACCOUNTING ASPECTS OF HUMAN CAPITAL

(Admissions of 2004 and onwards)

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70 .

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Attempt all questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

(a) Define labour exploitation.

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- (b) Explain and differentiate between different forms of labour exploitation. 7
- (c) Suggest the steps to check the labour exploitation.

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- (a) What information is embodied in an indifference curve and the budget line in the work leisure market?
- (b) Distinguish between supply of labour in short run and long run. Comment on the shape of short run supply curve of an individual.
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- 2. (a) What does an organisation expect an effective compensation system to do for it?

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(b)	Discuss the factors which produce the	wage				
	differentials in an economy					
	Or					
(a)	State the various concepts of productivity.	4				

- How can productivity be measured? (b)
- Critically examine the role of different wage (c) incentive plans on productivity of labour.
- Explain the concept and the features of Human 3. (a) Resource Accounting.
 - Briefly describe and exemplify the approaches to (b)value human resources under Human Resources Accounting's "Value Based Models".

Or

Discuss the recent developments in the field of Accounting for Human Capital. Also give examples in detail of some organisations which are using human resource accounting. 7 + 7

4. Explain Hermanson's Adjusted Discount Future Wage Model. Assume the discount rate is 10% and the estimated annual wage and salary for the next five years are Rs. 2 lakhs, Rs. 3 lakhs, Rs. 4 lakhs, Rs. 5 lakhs and Rs. 6 lakhs respectively. Also assume that the accounting rate of return for the firm for the current year and the preceding four years is 20, 15, 12 15 and 10 respectively and the rate of return for all the firms in the economy for the corresponding year is 15, 10, 8, 20 and 10 respectively. 14

5.	Write	short	notes on	any	two of	the	following	Ξ:
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(a) Lev and Shwartz Model

Or

Flamhaltz's Stochastic Rewards Valuation Model.

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(b) Opportunity Cost Method.

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(c) Replacement Cost Method.

Or

Growth of labour market in India in the globalised setting.