

Sl. No. of Ques. Paper : 2037 **GC-3**
Unique Paper Code : 32581301
Name of Paper : Biochemistry
Name of Course : B.Sc. (Hons.) Biomedical Sciences (CBCS)
Semester : III
Duration : 3 hours
Maximum Marks : 75

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Answer five questions in all.
Question No. 1 is compulsory.

1. (a) Define the following:
- (i) Levinthal paradox
 - (ii) Substrate-level phosphorylation
 - (iii) Oligosaccharides
 - (iv) Chaotropic agents
 - (v) Saturated fatty acids. 1×5
- (b) Give two important differences between the following:
- (i) Tertiary and Quaternary structures
 - (ii) Transamination and Deamination
 - (iii) Lactic acid fermentation and Ethanol fermentation
 - (iv) Glucose-alanine cycle and Cori cycle
 - (v) FAD and NAD⁺. 2×5
2. Give justifications for the following statements (any five):
- (a) People with untreated diabetes have a fruity smell in their breath.
 - (b) More energy is available from oxidation of fats, than from the oxidation of an equivalent weight of glycogen.
 - (c) Higher level of ammonia affects normal functioning of brain.
 - (d) Acetyl CoA is a common metabolite for most biomolecules.
 - (e) NADH and ATP are mostly negative regulators of enzymes that participate in catabolic reactions.

- (f) Proton gradient in mitochondrion is 'electro-chemical' in nature. 3×5
3. (a) Give the complete biochemical reactions for the following (give chemical structures and also mention the cofactors/prosthetic groups):
- (i) Conversion of phenylalanine to DOPA
 - (ii) One round of beta-oxidation
 - (iii) Steps of Urea cycle that occur in mitochondrion. 4×3
- (b) Why is Citric acid cycle described as 'amphibolic' in nature? 3
4. Write short notes on the following:
- (a) Protein folding
 - (b) Synthesis of ketone bodies
 - (c) Glycogenolysis. 5×3
5. Give the significance of the following:
- (a) HMP pathway in adipose tissue
 - (b) Ampholytes in IEF
 - (c) Uncouplers of ETC and Oxidative Phosphorylation
 - (d) Carnithine Cycle
 - (e) Aminotransferases in amino acid metabolism. 3×5
6. Give the principle, methodology and application of the following techniques (Give diagram):
- (a) Affinity Chromatography
 - (b) SDS-PAGE
 - (c) Gel filtration chromatography. 5×3
7. (a) What is the total ATP yield from the complete oxidation of a Glucose molecule? Mention briefly the reactions which yield ATP. 6
- (b) Give a brief account of the theory of hydrophobic collapse in protein folding. 4
 - (c) Briefly explain and graphically show the activity of an allosteric enzyme in the presence of a positive and a negative modulator. 5