[This question paper contains 2 printed pages.]

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 1549 C Roll No......

Unique Paper Code : 235266

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons.) Computer Science I / B.Sc. Mathematical

Sciences I / B.Sc. Physical Sciences I

Name of the Paper : Calculus and Geometry (MAPT 202)

Semester : II

Duration : 3 Hours Maximum Marks : 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.

- 2. All the questions are compulsory.
- 3. Attempt any two parts from each question.
- 4. Marks of each part are indicated.

1. (a) Find the points of discontinuity of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2}{\tan^{-1} x} & ; x \neq 0 \\ 0 & ; x = 0 \end{cases}$$
 (6)

(b) Define the relationship between continuity and uniform continuity. Give example to illustrate the same. (6)

(c) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 for $e^{x+y} = xy$. (6)

2. (a) State Cauchy's Mean Value Theorem and also interpret it geometrically. (6)

(b) Using
$$\varepsilon - \delta$$
, prove that $\lim_{\epsilon \to 0} x^2 = 9$. (6)

(c) Find the asymptotes to the curve
$$(x^2 + y^2) x - ay^2 = 0$$
. (6)

3. (a) Determine the intervals of concavity & convexity and points of inflexion for the curve $y = x^4 + 4x^3 - 18x^2 + 1$. (7)

(b) Determine the position and nature of double points of the curve

$$x^3 - y^2 - 7x^2 + 4y + 15x - 13 = 0 (7)$$

- (c) Trace the curve $x(x^2 + y^2) = a(x^2 y^2)$. (7)
- 4. (a) Trace the curve $x = a(\theta \sin \theta)$, $y = a(1 \cos \theta)$. (6)
 - (b) Obtain reduction formula for $\int \cos^n x \, dx$. Hence, evaluate $\int \cos^4 x \, dx$. (6)
 - (c) Find the area between the curve $y^2(2a x) = x^3$ and it's asymptote. (6)
- 5. (a) Find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the cardioid $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$ about the initial line. (6)
 - (b) Describe the graph of $x = y^2 4y + 2$, label it and write reflection property for the graph and draw it on the graph. (6)
 - (c) Find the equation of the ellipse with foci (1,2) and (1,4), minor axis of length 2 units. (6)
- 6. (a) Rotate the co-ordinate axis to remove xy term and sketch the curve xy = -9. (6½)
 - (b) (i) Find the equation of the sphere that is circumscribed about the cube that is centered at the point (--2,1,3) and has sides of length 1 unit that are parallel to the co-ordinate planes.

(ii)
$$\frac{d\left[\mathbf{r}(t)\mathbf{X}\ \mathbf{r}'(t)\right]}{dt} = \mathbf{r}(t)\mathbf{X}\mathbf{r}''(t)$$
 (3½+3)

(c) (i) Sketch the graph of

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{9} = 1$$

Show the points of intersection with the 3 co-ordinate axes.

(ii) Find curl F where

$$F(x,y,z) = \frac{xi + yj + zk}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$$
 (3½+3)