Your Roll No.

1958

B.Sc. (H)/Computer Science/VI Sem. C

Paper-604

OPERATIONAL RESEARCH

(Admissions of 2001 and onwards)

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 75

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper i

Attempt five questions in all.

Question No. 1 is compulsory.

Use of non-programmable scientific calculators is permitted.

(a) Qzark Farms uses at least 800 lb of special feed daily.
 The special feed is a mixture of Corn & Soyabean Meal with the following composition:

Feed Stuff	Protein	Fiber	Cost (\$/1b)
Com	0.09	0.02	0.30
Soyabean Meal	0.60	0.06	0.90

The dietary requirements of the special feed are at least 30% protein and at the most 5% fiber. Qzark farms wishes to determine the daily minimum – cost feed mix. Formulate the above as linear programming problem.

(b) The following tableau represents a specific simplex iteration that is not optimal. All variables are non-negative. Suppose that the problem is of the maximization type. Identify the non-basic variable that has the potential to improve the value of z. If such variable enters the basic soultion, determine the associated leaving variable, if any, and the associated change in z.

Basic	X_1	$\mathbf{x_2}$	X_3	X_4	X ₅	X_6	Solution
variables							
x ₂	2/3	1	0	1/3	0	0	8/3
X_5	-4/3	0	5	-2/3	1	0	14/3
X_6	5/3	0	4	-2/3	0	1	29/3
Z	1/3	0	4	5/3	0	0	

coefficient

(c) In a 3 × 3 transportation problem, let x_{ij} be the amount shipped from source i to destination j and let c_{ij} be the corresponding transportation cost per unit. The amounts of supplies available at sources 1, 2 and 3 are 15, 30 and 85 units respectively and the demands at destinations 1, 2 and 3 are 20, 30 and 80 units respectively. Assume that the starting north-west corner solution is optimal and the associated values of the multipliers are given as $u_1 = -2$, $u_2 = 3$, $u_3 = 5$, $v_1 = 2$, $v_2 = 5$ and $v_3 = 10$. Find the associated optimal cost.

(d) Consider the following LPP:

Maximize
$$z - 3x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3$$

Subject to $x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 \le 90$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \le 60$$

$$3x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 \le 80$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$$

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If the slack variables v_4 , x_5 and x_6 are the starting solutions and the optimal table for primal is :

Basic	X_1	X_2	<i>X</i> ₃	X_4	X ₅	X ₆	Solutions
variables							
x ₂	0	1	10 6	46	- 1/3	0	40
x_{l}	1	0	- 13	-13	2/3	0	10
x ₆	0	0	86	8 6	-10/6	1	10
Z	0	0	28'6	10′6	2.3	0	
coefficient							

Write the associated dual problem. Determine the optimal solution of the dual through the above given table. 6

(e) For the queuing model M/M/I/N, set up the transition diagram and then write and solve the steady state equations to determine P_n, the probability that there are

n customer in the system.

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(f) A 4-ton vessel can be loaded with one or more of the three items. The following table gives the unit weight \mathbf{r}_{c} in tons and the unit revenue in thousands of dollars, \mathbf{r}_{b} for item t. How should the vessel be loaded to maximize the total return ?

Item i	Weight $w_{\tilde{t}}$	Revenue $r_{\tilde{t}}$
ł	1	30
2	3	50
3	3	90

2. (a) Solve the following Linear Programming problem graphically:

Maximize
$$z = 5x_1 + 4x_2$$
Subject to
$$6x_1 + 4x_2 \le 24$$

$$x_1 = 2x_2 \le 6$$

$$-x_1 + x_2 \le 1$$

$$x_2 \le 2$$

$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

- (b) Write a short note on "Role of Computer Science in Operations Research".7.3
- 3. (a) Use simplex method to solve the following linear programming problem:

$$Minimize z = 5x_1 + 3x_2$$

Subject to
$$2x_1 + 4x_2 \le 12$$

$$2x_1 + 2x_2 = 10$$

$$5x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 10$$

$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

(b) Consider the following linear programming problem:

Maximize
$$z = 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 5x_3$$

Subject to
$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 30$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_3 + x_5 = 60$$

$$x_1 + 4x_2 + x_6 = 20$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6 \ge 0$$

It is given that x_4 , x_5 , x_6 are the slack variables. Write the dual of this primal problem. Find the values of the optimal dual variables and check the feasibility of the solution when it is given that the optimal primal basic solution is:

Basic variables : (x_2, x_3, x_6) , Inverse =

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
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4. (a) A product is manufactured at three factories A. B, and
C and is supplied to four stores I, II, III and IV. The unit
transportation costs of transportation are given in the
following table. Use Vogel's Approximation Method to
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find the initial basic feasible solution so as to minimize the transportation cost:

Factories	Stores				
	Ī	П	RI	IV'	Supply
A	10	2	10	11	15
В	12	7	9	20	25
C	4	14	16	18	10
Demand	5	15	15	15	

(b) In the modification of a plant layout of a factory four new machines A. B. C and D are to be installed in a machine shop. There are five vacant places. I. II, III. IV and V available. Because of limited space B cannot be placed at III and C cannot be placed at I. The cost of

locating a machine at a place is as follows. Find the optimal assignment schedule:

ī	ocation	
L	осацон	

Machine	ı	П	111	IV	V
A	9	11	15	10	11
В	12	9	X	10	9
С	Х	11	14	11	7
D	14	8	12	7	8

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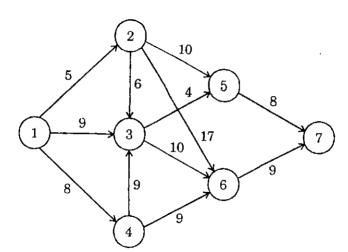
5. (a) Use graphical method in solving the following game and find the value of the game :

Player B

Player A	B ₁	B ₂	B ₃
A ₁	1	-3	7
A ₂	2	4	-6

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A salesman located in city A decided to travel to city (b)B. He knew the distances of alternative routes from city A to city B. He then drew a highway network map. The city of origin A, is city 1. The destination city B, is city 7. Other cities through which the salesman will have to pass through are numbered 2 to 6. The arrows representing routes between cities and distances in kilometers are indicated on each route. The salesman's problem is to find the shortest route that covers all the selected cities from A to B. 5.5



6. A small project is composed of 12 activities whose time estimates are listed in the table below. Activities are identified by their beginning (i) and ending (j) node numbers:

Activity	Estin	nated Duration (w	eeks)
(<i>ij</i>)	Optimistic (t_{θ})	Most likely (t_m)	Pessimistic (t _p)
1—2	ı	1.5	5
2—3	١.	2	3
2—4	ł	3	5
3—-5	3	4	5
45	2	3	4
46	3	5	7
57	4	5	6
6—7	6	7	8
7—8	2	4	6
7 9	5	6	8
8—10	1	2	3
9 10	3	5	7

⁽i) Draw the project network and find the critical path.

- (ii) Find the expected duration and variance of the project.
- (iii) What is the probability that the project will be completed4 weeks earlier than the expected time?10
- 7. (a) A self service store employs a cashier at its counter. An average of 9 customers arrives every 5 minutes while the cashier can serve 10 customers in 5 minutes. Assuming Poisson distribution for arrival rate and exponential distribution for service rate, find and interpret:
 - (i) Average number of customers in the system
 - (ii) Average number of customers in the queue.
 - (b) Consider the following quadratic programming problem:

Minimize
$$z = 6 - 6x_1 + 2x_1^2 - 2x_1x_2 + 2x_2^2$$

Subject to $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 2$

$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

Derive the Kuhn-Tucker conditions for optimality and perform two iterations of Wolfe's method to get an optimal solution.

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