This	question	paper	contains	4	printed	pages.]

		Your Roll No
14	11	A
		B.Sc. (Hons.)/III
		ELECTRONICS—Paper 3.6 (XX)
	(E)	lectrical Technology and Electrical Machines)
Tin	w:3	Hours Maximum Marks: 38
		(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately
		on receipt of this question paper.)
		Attempt five questions in all, including
		Question No. 1 which is compulsory. Use of
		non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.
1.	(a)	Define Insulation Resistance. What is its temperature coefficient?
		. 2
	(b)	The inductance of a coil carrying a current of 2A is 0.5 henry.
		Find the energy stored in it.
	(c)	Three similar resistors are connected in star across 400-V, 3 phase
		lines. The line current is 5A. Calculate the value of each resister.
		2
	(d)	What are the advantages of polyphase system over a single
		phase system ?
	(e)	Derive the expression for back e.m.f. for a dc motor. 2
2.	(a)	Two coils connected in series have resistances of 600 Ω and 300 $$
		Ω at 20°C with temperature coefficient of 0.1% and 0.4%
		[P.T.O.

respectively. Find the resistance of the combination at a temp, of 50°C. What is the effective temperature coeff, of combination?

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(b) A cast steel d.c. electromagnet shown. In fig. has a coil of 1000 turns on its central limb. Determine the current that the coil should carry to produce a flux of 2.5 mob in the air gap. Neglect leakage. Dimensions are given in cm. The magnetisation curve for cast steel is as under.

FLUX DENSITY 0.2 0.5 0.7 1.0 1.2 (ωb/m²)

Amp.-runs/meter 300 540 650 900 1150

- 3. (a) A square cross-sectional magnet of side of 4 cm has a strength of
 0.5 mωb. Determine the magnetic flux density.
 - (b) Explain the concept of mutual inductance. Define coefficient of coupling and derive the expression between self inductances of

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two coils, mutual inductance between them and the coefficient of

		coupling.	5
4.	(a)	A star connected 3-phase load has a resistance of 6Ω and a	n
		inductive reactance of 8Ω in each branch. A line to line voltage	e
		of 220V is impressed through a 3-\$\phi\$ auto-transformer. Find the	e
		voltage across each branch, line voltages and line currents an	d
		total active power.	4
	(b)	Deduce the relationship between the phase and line voltage	s
		and currents in a three phase star connected circuit. Draw phase	ì
		diagram to eastablish it.	3
5.	(a)	Calculate the r.m.s. value, the form factor and peak factor of	a
		periodic voltage having the following values for equal time	e
		intervals changing suddenly from one value to the next: 0, 5, 10),
		20, 50, 60, 50, 20, 10, 5, 0, -5, -10V, -20V, etc. What would be the	ie
		r.m.s. value of sine wave having the same peak value?	5
	(b)	Write the exponential and polar form of a vector $5 + j7$, Illustration	te
		it by means of vector diagram.	2
6.	(a)	With the help of phaser diagram, explain the operation of a sing	le
		phase transformer under no load and full load condition.	5
	(b)	A sinusoidal flux 0.02 ob (mex.) links with 55 turns of a transform	er
		secondary coil. Calculate the r.m.s. value of the induced e.m.f.	in
		the secondary. The supply frequency is 50 Hz.	2
7.	(a)	A dc generator has the following data:	

(a) no. of poles = 6

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(4)

(b) no. of slots = 54

	(c)	conductor per slot = 16	
	(d)	speed of the machine = 100 r.p.m.	
	(e)	useful flux/pole = $0.65 \times 10^{-2} \omega$ b.	
	(f)	Type of winding = wave	
	Cal	culate the magnitude of the generated voltage.	2
(b)	Ho	w will you find the critical resistance from open ci	rcuit
	characteristics (O. C. C.) of a dc shunt generator, and what is its		
	sigr	nificance?	3