

4. (a) What are Forced harmonic oscillation ? Solve its differential equation for resultant amplitude and phase. Also explain the term Amplitude resonance. (10)
- (b) In an experiment on forced oscillations, the frequency of sinusoidal driving force is changed while its amplitude is kept constant, it is found that the amplitude of vibration is 0.01 mm at a very low frequency of the driver and goes up to 5.0 m at driving frequency of 20sec^{-1} . Calculate the Relaxation time(τ) and Quality factor (Q) of the system. (5)
5. (a) What is Moment of Inertia ? Explain the concept of the Radius of gyration. Derive the expression for the Moment of Inertia of a cylinder around an axis passing through its center and perpendicular to the axis of the cylinder. (6)
- (b) Derive the expression for the Moment of Inertia of a cylinder around an axis passing through its center and perpendicular to the axis of the cylinder. (9)
6. (a) What are Synchronous satellites ? Explain the concept of artificial gravity. (6)
- (b) A satellite revolves in a circular orbit at a height of 100 Km from the surface of the earth. If the period of revolution of the satellite is 100 minutes, calculate the average density of the earth. (5)
- (c) The earth's mass is around 80 times that of the moon and their diameters are 12800 km and 3200 km resp. What is the value of g on the moon ? g on earth is 10 ms^{-2} . (4)
7. (a) Derive an expression for the magnetic field along the equatorial line of a magnetic dipole. (8)
- (b) State and explain Biot-Savart law using example. (7)
8. Explain any **three** of the following :
- (a) Explain Doppler's effect in sound. Also derive the expression for apparent frequency when
- (i) source is moving towards the observer
- (ii) observer is moving towards the source. (5)
- (b) Archimedes Principle. (5)
- (c) Normal modes and Normal co-ordinates. (5)
- (d) Maxwell Boltzmann distribution. (5)

(100)