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Sr. No. of Question Paper : 1880 C Roll No.....

Unique Paper Code : 235401

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons.) Mathematics

Name of the Paper : MAHT 401 : Differential Equations and Mathematical Modelling - II

Semester : IV

Duration : 3 Hours Maximum Marks : 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. All questions are compulsory.

SECTION – I

1. Attempt any two out of the following :

- (a) Find the solution of the equation

$$u(x+y) u_x + u(x-y) u_y = x^2 + y^2$$

with the Cauchy data $u = 0$ on $y = 2x$. (7½)

- (b) Apply $v = \ln u$ and then $v(x,y) = f(x) + g(y)$ to solve

$$x^2(u_x)' + y^2(u_y)' = u^2. \quad (7½)$$

- (c) Find the solution of the initial - value system

$$u_x + 2uu_x + v = x, \quad v_x - cv_x = 0$$

with $u(x,0) = x$ and $v(x,0) = x$. (7½)

P.T.O.

SECTION – II

2. Attempt any **one** out of the following :

(a) Derive the *damped wave equation* of a string

$$u_{tt} + a u_t + c^2 u_{xx}$$

where the damping force is proportional to the velocity and a is a constant.

Considering a restoring force proportional to the displacement of a string, show that the resulting equation is

$$u_{tt} + a u_t + b u + c^2 u_{xx}, \text{ where } b \text{ is a constant.} \quad (6)$$

(b) Obtain the general solution of the equation

$$x^2 u_{xx} + 2xy u_{xy} + y^2 u_{yy} + xy u_x + y^2 u_y = 0. \quad (6)$$

3. Attempt any **two** out of the following :

(a) Obtain the general solution of the equation

$$3 u_{xx} + 4 u_x - \frac{3}{4} u_y = 0. \quad (6)$$

(b) Transform the equation to the form $v_{\xi\eta} = cv$, $c = \text{constant}$,

$$u_{xx} - u_{yy} + 3u_x - 2u_y + u = 0,$$

by introducing the new variables $v = u e^{(a\xi + b\eta)}$, where a and b are undetermined coefficients. (6)

(c) Transform the equation

$$u_{xx} + y u_{xy} + \sin(x+y) = 0$$

into the canonical form. Use the canonical form to find the general solution. (6)

SECTION – III

4. Attempt any **three** out of the following :

- (a) Determine the solution of the initial-value problem for the semi-infinite vibrating string with a fixed end

$$\begin{aligned} u_{tt} &= c^2 u_{xx}, & 0 < x < \infty, t > 0 \\ u(x,0) &= f(x), & 0 \leq x < \infty \\ u_t(x,0) &= g(x), & 0 \leq x < \infty \\ u(0,t) &= 0, & 0 \leq t < \infty. \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

- (b) Determine the solution of the initial-value problem

$$u_{tt} - c^2 u_{xx} = x, \quad u(x,0) = 0, \quad u_t(x,0) = 3. \quad (7)$$

- (c) Find the solution of the initial boundary-value problem

$$\begin{aligned} u_{tt} &= u_{xx}, & 0 < x < 2, t > 0 \\ u(x,0) &= \sin(\pi x/2), & 0 < x \leq 2 \\ u_t(x,0) &= 0, & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ u(0,t) &= 0, \quad u(2,t) = 0, & t \geq 0 \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

- (d) Solve the characteristic initial-value problem

$$\begin{aligned} x u_{xx} + x^2 u_{yy} + u_y &= 0, \quad x \neq 0, \\ u(x,y) &= f(y) \text{ on } y - x^2/2 = 0 \text{ for } 0 \leq y \leq 2, \\ u(x,y) &= g(y) \text{ on } y + x^2/2 = 4 \text{ for } 2 \leq y \leq 4, \text{ where } f(2) = g(2). \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

SECTION – IV

5. Attempt any **three** out of the following :

- (a) Determine the solution of the initial boundary-value problem by the method of separation of variables

P.T.O.

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_t &= c^2 u_{xx}, & 0 < x < \pi, t > 0 \\
 u(x,0) &= 0, u_x(x,0) = 8 \sin^2 x, & 0 \leq x \leq \pi, \\
 u(0,t) &= u(\pi,t) = 0, & t > 0
 \end{aligned} \tag{7}$$

(b) Prove the uniqueness of the solution of the initial boundary - value problem

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{tt} &= c^2 u_{xx}, & 0 < x < \pi, t > 0 \\
 u(x,0) &= f(x), u_t(x,0) = g(x), & 0 \leq x \leq \pi, \\
 u_x(0,t) &= u_x(\pi,t) = 0, & t > 0,
 \end{aligned} \tag{7}$$

(c) Solve the problem

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{tt} &= c^2 u_{xx} + x^2, & 0 < x < 1, t > 0 \\
 u(x,0) &= x, u_x(x,0) = 0, & 0 \leq x \leq 1, \\
 u(0,t) &= 0, u(1,t) = 1, & t \geq 0
 \end{aligned} \tag{7}$$

(d) Determine the solution of the initial boundary-value problem

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_t &= 4 u_{xx}, & 0 < x < 1, t > 0 \\
 u(x,0) &= x(1-x), & 0 \leq x \leq 1, \\
 u(0,t) &= u(1,t) = 0, & t > 0
 \end{aligned} \tag{7}$$