This question	paper contains 4 printed pages]			
		Roll No.		
S. No. of Ques	stion Paper : 8713	•		
Unique Paper (Code : 253303	\mathbf{c}		
Name of the Pa	aper : MIHT-305 Microbia	Physiology and Metabolism—I		
Name of the Co	ourse B.Sc. (Hons.) Microb	: B.Sc. (Hons.) Microbiology Part II		
Semester	: III			
Duration: 3 Ho	ours	Maximum Marks: 75 Marks		
(Wr	ite your Roll No. on the top immedia	tely on receipt of this question paper.)		
Attempt five questions in all.				
	Question No. 1 i	s compulsory.		
	All questions carr	y equal marks.		
1. (a) Sta	1. (a) State giving reasons whether the following statements are true or false			
· (i)	(i) Photosynthesis in Halobacterium helobium is oxygenic.			
(ii)	(ii) A biphasic growth curve indicates preferential utilization of substrates.			
(iii) Anaerobic microorganisms grow at oxygen levels below normal atmospheri				
	levels.	3×3=9		
(b) Write about the contributions of any two of the following scientists:				
<i>(i)</i>	Robert Emerson			
(ii)	S. Winogradsky			
(iii)) Arnon, Buchanan and Evans	2×2=4		

2)	8713	3
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		Or	
		How is the problem of iron transport overcome by microbes?	2
2.	(a)	What do you understand by secondary active transport mechanisms? Explain gives examples.	ving suitable 4
	(b)	Define the following terms with examples:	
		(i) Photoorganotroph(ii) Uniport(iii) Halophile	
		(iv) Anaerobic chemolithotroph	4×2=8
	(c)	How are green bacteria adapted to photosynthesize at weak light intensit	ies ? 3
3.	(a)	How does pH influence the growth of microorganisms? Classify microorgan on pH ranges giving an example of each class.	nisms based 2+3=5
	(b)	Differentiate between the following pairs: (i) Passive and facilitated diffusion	
		(ii) Cyclic and non-cyclic photophosphorylation.	· 2×4=8
	(c)	Define specific growth rate. What units would you use to express it?	2
4.	(a)	What is a continuous culture? Explain the techniques used for maintaining	g bacteria in
		continuous culture. What are its practical applications?	1+3+2=6

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Define electrogenic transport giving an example.

(c)

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- (b) Define the term water activity. Explain the mechanism which enables the microorganisms to grow at low water activity.

 1+3=4
- (c) Why do bacteria show a prolonged lag phase following inoculation into a fresh nutrient medium?
- (d) What is an action spectrum? Comment on its significance.

Or

Write the mechanisms involved in the formation of ion gradients to be used in transport processes.

- 5. (a) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - (i) PEP:PTS
 - (ii) Physiological groups of aerobic chemolithotrophs
 - (iii) Kinetics of batch culture

 $2 \times 4 = 8$

- (b) How would you form different groups of microorganisms on the basis of their tolerance to oxygen? What is toxicity of oxygen towards anaerobic microorganisms due to?
 4+2=6
- (c) Give an example of a microorganism capable of growing in the presence of ionizing radiation.

(4)

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.6. (a) Discuss purple bacterial photosynthesis under the following heads:

Pigments and their localization

Electron transport

Reductant biosynthesis

2+3+2=7

- (b) Write enzymatic reactions for the following conversions:
 - (i) Citrate to acetyl CoA
 - (ii) Phosphoglyceraldehyde to 1, 3-Bis phosphoglyceric acid
 - (iii) Ribulose bisphosphate to phosphoglyceraldehyde
 - (iv) Succinyl CoA to α-oxoglutarate

 $4 \times 2 = 8$