Th	s ques	stion paper contains 3 printed pages]	
		Roll No.	
S.1	No. of	Question Paper : 8723	
Un	ique Pa	aper Code : 253505 C	
Naı	ne of t	he Paper : MIHT-510 Industrial Microbiology	
Naı	ne of t	he Course : B.Sc. (Honours) Microbiology Part III	
Sen	nester	: <b>V</b>	
Du	ration:	3 Hours Maximum Mark	s:75
		(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)	
		Attempt any five questions.	
		All questions carry equal marks.	
1.	(a)	Under which condition does Aspergillus niger produce citric acid in large quantity?	? 3
	(b)	Enlist the various methods of enzyme immobilization. Discuss any two of the detail.	se in 5
٠.	(c)	How can you measure and control foaming in a fermenter?	4
•	(d)	Why are hops added during brewing?	2
	(e)	Who coined the term 'antibiotic' ?	1
2.	(a)	Draw a well labeled diagram of an airlift fermenter and give its uses.	4
	(b)	With the help of any two suitable examples, show how microorganisms trans	form
		steroids.	4
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	(c)	What are the advantages of semisynthetic penicillins over natural penicillins	? 3
	(d)	Write a short note on strain development.	4
3.	(a)	Give the industrial producers and uses of lipases, riboflavin and glutamic acid	2×3=6
•	(b)	What is meant by a continuous fermentation? Give its applications.	. 3
÷	(c)	Why is the operating volume of a fermenter always less than its total capacit	y? 2
	(d)	Write a short note on the device used for agitation in a fermenter.	4
4.	Diff	ferentiate between the following pairs:	
	(i)	Batch/Fed Batch Fermentation	
	(ii)	Glucose isomerase/Glucose oxidase	
٠	(iii)	Seed fermenter/Production fermenter	•
	(iv)	Freeze drying/Spray drying	
	(v)	Ultrafiltration/Solvent extraction	3×5=15
5.	(a).	Describe the industrial fermentation process for the production of the following	g products
		and give their uses:	
	٠.	(i) Bioinsecticides	
		(ii) Ethanol.	6×2=12
	(b)	Why is it essential to prevent vortex formation in a bioreactor?	2
	(c)	Define Aspect Ratio for a fermenter.	1

(3) 8723

- 6. Write short notes on the following:
  - (a) Corn Steep Liquor
  - (b) Tower fermenter
  - (c) Solid State fermentation
  - (d) Primary Screening
  - (e) Physical methods of Cell Disruption.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$ 

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