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Sr. No. of Question Paper : 3703 FC Your Roll No.....

Unique Paper Code : 62031103

Name of the Paper : Intermediate English: Stream B

Name of the Course : B.A. (Prog) English B

Semester : I

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt all questions.

1. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

The Tundra, a very cold flat land situated at the Arctic region of North America, is covered with snow all year round. In the olden days, the Eskimos who lived there led a nomadic life. They moved from place to place in search of food for their families. They lived in igloos which were dome-shaped houses built of snow and ice-blocks. The main food was the meat of animals which they killed or trapped around their land.

The Eskimos practiced and organized family system. It was the father's work to do hunting and fishing. He also had to make boats, tools, sledges and weapons out of animal skins, bones, ivory and stones. He was also responsible for providing the transportation system of the family.

The mother's duty was to skin and cut up the animals and prepare the meat. She also had to cook the meals and make all her family's clothes from the skin. Sometimes she helped to collect food by catching small fish or by gathering birds' eggs.

When the children reached the age of nine or ten, they would start learning the skills they needed. The girls would watch and learn from their mothers how to cook and sew. The boys would follow their fathers to learn all the skills about hunting and fishing.

P.T.O.

The grandparents helped to take care of the children. They told them stories and taught them about the Eskimo way of life.

Today most of the Eskimos lead a modern way of life. They live in wooden houses in the village. Their houses have all the facilities of modern living. They buy their food, clothes and weapons from the store owned by the Europeans. Their children attend the village school.

Nowadays the Eskimos move from place to place on snow-mobiles, their most common form of transport.

- (i) Why did the Eskimos move from place to place? (2)
- (ii) What was the main food of the Eskimos? (2)
- (iii) What was the role of the grandparents in the Eskimo family? (2)
- (iv) Write True or **False** against the following:
 - (a) The Eskimos lived in igloos.
 - (b) The mother was responsible for hunting and fishing.
 - (c) Today the Eskimos live in wooden houses.
 - (d) Eskimo children do not go to school. (4)
- (v) Find a word from the passage that means the following:
 - (a) Moving from one place to another; not living permanently at one place.
 - (b) To kill animals for food and other needs.
 - (c) Occasionally; not everyday. (3)
- (vi) Find a word from the passage that means the opposite of the following:
 - (a) Warm

(b) Unique

(2)

2. You live in Delhi. Your grandmother lives in the village and has not been keeping well. Write a letter to her enquiring about her health.

OR

You live in a hostel in Delhi. Your classmates are going on a trip to Agra. Write a letter to your father seeking his permission to go to Agra on this trip. (10)

3. You are applying for the post of Sales Executive in a multinational company. Write a resume along with a covering letter for the post.

OR

You are applying for the job of a primary school teacher in a Government School. Write a resume with a covering letter for the job. (10+5)

4. You want to sell your motorcycle. Draft a suitable advertisement to be published in a newspaper.

OR

You have a two-bedroom house that you want to give on rent. Draft a suitable advertisement to be published in a local newspaper. Give details of the house and rent expected. (5)

5. You are the secretary of a sports club. Write a Notice informing all members of the club about the annual general meeting of the club.

OR

You are the secretary of Music club in your college. Your club is organising an inter-college singing competition. Write a notice inviting names of the students who want to participate in it. Give all the necessary details. (5)

6. Complete the following dialogues.

(i) A: Hello Rina, will you come to the market with me?

B: Sure. _____

(ii) A: Rakesh, why are you late for the class again?

B: Sorry sir, _____

(iii) A: Hey, I watched 'Bahubali' in the cinema hall four times; did you see the film too?

B: No, _____

(iv) A: Is it alright if I come to your house in the evening?

B: No, _____

(v) A: Oh! I just realized I haven't got any money.

B: You haven't? Well, don't worry, _____

(vi) A: Rahul, I just heard you met with an accident. How do you feel now?

B: Yes, _____

(vii) A: Have you invited Mohan to your birthday party?

B: No, _____

(viii) A: I am in the mood for shopping. Where shall we go?

B: _____

(ix) A: Shall we tell Archana we lost her cell phone?

B: No, _____

(x) A: Where shall we meet tomorrow?

B: _____

(10)

7. (a) Put **a/an/the** in the following sentences where necessary.

(i) How often do you go to _____ dentist?

(ii) I've got _____ problem. Can you help me?

(iii) Would you like to have _____ apple?

(iv) Look at the bird in _____ sky.

(v) It's raining and I don't have _____ umbrella. (5)

(b) Choose the correct alternative from the brackets.

(i) We are _____ a new country now. (at/in)

(ii) He kept awake _____ midnight. (to/till)

(iii) They saw the snow mountains towering _____ them.
(over/above)

(iv) We could see the valley _____ us. (under/below)

(v) He has lived here _____ three years. (since/for) (5)

(c) Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb given in the bracket.

- (i) I _____ my work yesterday. (finish)
- (ii) I have not _____ my work till now. (do)
- (iii) I was _____ TV when he arrived. (watch)
- (iv) I _____ you tomorrow. (meet)
- (v) I _____ to him last night. (speak) (5)