

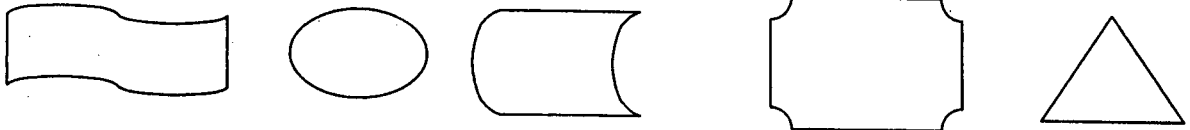
Sl. No. of Ques. Paper : 1969 GC-3
Unique Paper Code : 62361101
Name of Paper : Introduction to Operational Research and Linear Programming
Name of Course : B.A. (Prog.) Operational Research (CBCS)
Semester : I
Duration : 3 hours
Maximum Marks : 75

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Attempt any five questions.

Q1(a) What is Operational Research? List the advantages and limitations of O.R. approach in decision making. (2+6)

Q1(b) Define convex set. Determine whether the following sets are convex or not? Justify your answer.



(2+5)

Q2(a) State Weak Duality Theorem and Strong Duality Theorem.

Prove that dual of the dual is primal. (4+4=8)

(b) Write the dual of the following problem:

$$\text{Max } Z = 9x_1 - 7x_2 + 6x_3$$

Subject to

$$x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 = 10$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 16$$

$$5x_1 - 3x_2 + 6x_3 \geq 12$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 \text{ unrestricted}$$

(7)

Q3(a) Define Basic Solution. Find all basic solutions to the following system of linear equations:

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + 6x_3 = 4$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 = 12$$

Identify which of them are feasible.

(2+6)

Q3(b) What is sensitivity analysis. Discuss its advantages in business and industry.

What do you understand by feasibility range and optimality range while doing the sensitivity analysis for an LPP.

(7)

Q4(a) What conditions must exist in a simplex iteration to establish the existence of unbounded solution.

Solve the following L.P.P using simplex method:

$$\text{Max } Z = 3x_1 + 4x_2$$

S.T.

$$-3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 6$$

$$-4x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 18$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

(2+5)

Q4(b) To maintain his health, a person must fulfill certain minimum daily requirements for several kinds of nutrients. Assume that there are only three kinds of nutrients- calcium, protein and carbohydrates and the person's diet consists of only two food items I and II, whose price and nutrient contents are shown in the table below:

	Food I (per lb)	Food II (per lb)	Minimum daily requirement
Price(Rs.)	0.6	1.0	
calcium	10	4	20
protein	5	5	20
carbohydrates	2	6	12

Formulate above as a Linear Programming Problem. Use graphical method to find the combination of the two food items will satisfy the daily requirement and entail the least cost?

(8)

Q5(a) Solve the following LPP by Dual Simplex method :

$$\text{Minimize } Z = 2x_1 + 3x_2$$

s.t.

$$2x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 30$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \geq 10$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

(7)

Q5(b) Explain how would you identify the cases of redundant constraint, no solution, multiple solution and unbounded solution from the graph of LPP involving two variables. Give a rough sketch in each case. (8)

Q6 (a) Solve the following LPP by Two-Phase method :

$$\text{Max. } Z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$$

s.t.

$$2x_1 + x_2 \leq 2$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 \geq 12$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

(8)

Q6(b) Solve the following problem by simplex method .

$$\text{Max } Z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$$

s.t.

$$6x_1 + 4x_2 \leq 90$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 40$$

$$x_1 \geq 5$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

Does the problem have multiple solutions? If yes, then find one alternate optimal solution. (7)

Q7 . Write short notes on any three of the following

- i. Degeneracy
- ii. Simplex method Vs Dual simplex method
- iii. Economic interpretation of duality.
- iv. Complementary slackness

(3*5=15)