

[This question paper contains 6 printed pages.]

1403

Your Roll No. ....

B.A. Programme/II

E-I

MATHEMATICS—Paper II

(Geometry, Differential Equations and Algebra)

(NC—Admission of 2004 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

*(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately  
on receipt of this question paper.)*

*All Questions are compulsory.  
Attempt any two parts from each question.*

1. (a) Find the center, vertices, foci and asymptotes of the hyperbola whose equation is

$$4y^2 - x^2 + 40y - 4x + 60 = 0$$

and sketch its graph. (8)

- (b) Identify and sketch the curve

$$y^2 - 8x - 6y - 23 = 0$$

P.T.O.

and also label the focus, vertex and directrix. (8)

- (c) Find an equation for the ellipse with length of major axis 6 and with foci (2, 1) and (2, -3).  
(8)

2. (a) Find the equation of the sphere that has (1, -2, 4) and (3, 4, -12) as end points of a diameter.  
(8½)

- (b) (i) Find the angle that the vector  $\mathbf{v} = -\sqrt{3}\hat{i} + \hat{j}$  makes with the positive x-axis.

- (ii) Use a scalar triple product to determine whether the vectors lie in the same plane

$$\mathbf{u} = 5\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}, \mathbf{v} = 4\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k},$$

$$\mathbf{w} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} \quad (4, 4\frac{1}{2})$$

- (c) (i) Find the parametric equations of the line L passing through the points P(2, 4, -1) and Q(5, 0, 7).

- (ii) Find the equation of the plane through the points (1, 2, -1), (2, 3, 1) and (3, -1, 2).  
(4, 4½)

3. (a) Solve the differential equation

$$y'' - 2y' = e^x \sin x$$

by the method of variation of parameters. (8½)

- (b) Check the condition of integrability of the following differential equation and hence solve the equation

$$(yz + xyz) dx + (zx + xyz) dy + (xy + xyz) dz = 0$$

(8½)

- (c) Show that  $e^x \sin x$  and  $e^x \cos x$  are linearly independent solutions of the equation

$$y'' - 2y' + 2y = 0.$$

What is the general solution? Also find the solution  $y(x)$  with the property that  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $y'(0) = 3$ .

(8½)

4. (a) Find the complete integral of the partial differential equation

$$p^2 - y^2q = y^2 - x^2$$

(8½)

- (b) (i) Find the general integral of the partial differential equation

$$(2xy - 1) p + (z - 2x^2) q = 2(x - yz)$$

P.T.O.

- (ii) Find the nature (elliptic, hyperbolic or parabolic) of the partial differential equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = (1+y)^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2}. \quad (6, 2\frac{1}{2})$$

- (c) Find the complete integral of

$$pxy + pq + qy = yz \quad (8\frac{1}{2})$$

5. (a) For the permutations

$$\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 & 1 & 7 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{and } \tau = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 6 & 7 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Calculate } \sigma\tau^{-1}. \quad (8\frac{1}{2})$$

- (b) Let  $G$  be a group and  $H$  be a subgroup of  $G$ .  
 Prove that the order of the subgroup  $H$  of  $G$  divides the order of the group  $G$ .  $(8\frac{1}{2})$

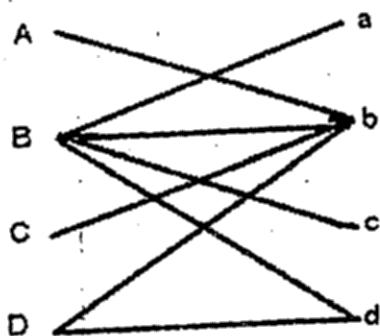
- (c) If  $(R, +, \cdot)$  is a ring in which every nonzero element has a multiplicative inverse, then show that for all  $a, b \in R$

$$a \cdot b = 0 \Rightarrow a = 0 \text{ or } b = 0$$

(8½)

6. (a) (i) Construct a Latin square of order 5 on  $\{0,1,2,3,4\}$ .

(ii) Find a matching or explain why none exists for the following graph:

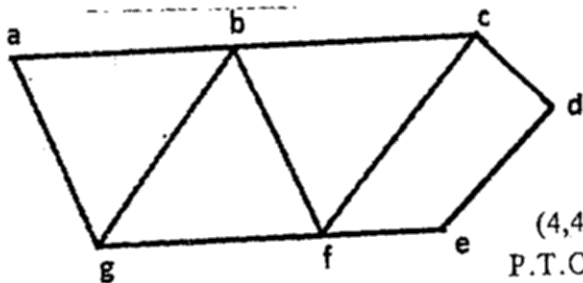


(4,4)

(b) In the following figure find

(i) All sets of two vertices whose removal disconnects the graph.

(ii) All sets of two edges whose removal disconnects the graph.



(4,4)

P.T.O.

- (c) The following is the cost matrix for the traveling salesperson problem. Should  $C_{23}$  be used? Justify.

To	1	2	3	4
1	-	7	1	3
From 2	7	-	4	5
3	5	4	-	4
4	1	3	6	-

(8)