[This question paper contains 2 printed pages.]

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 5247 F Your Roll No......

Unique Paper Code : 290579

Name of the Paper : MTSS: Mathematics for Social Sciences – I

Name of the Course : B.A. (Prog.) III (Application Course)

Semester : V

Duration: 2 Hours Maximum Marks: 55

## **Instructions for Candidates**

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.

2. Question No. 1 is compulsory and carries 15 marks.

3. Attempt 4 more questions selecting at least 1 question from each section, Each question carries 10 marks.

1. (i) Find  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}-1}$ .

(ii) Find 
$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{x^{2}}{\sqrt{1+x^{3}}} dx$$
.

(iii) Find 
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 if  $y = (4x^2 - 1)(7x^3 + x)$ .

(iv) Examine the continuity of the function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2+x, & \text{if } x \le 1\\ 2-x, & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

at x = 1.

(v) Find an equation for the circle with centre (1, -2) that passes through (4,2).

## **SECTION - 1**

2. (i) A firm determines that x units of its product can be sold daily at Rs. p per unit, where x = 1000-p.

Find

- (a) Revenue function R(x)
- (b) Marginal revenue function MR(x)

$$\int x^2 e^{x^3} dx$$

- 3. (i) Sketch the graph of  $36x^2 + 4y^2 = 144$ 
  - (ii) If  $log(xy) = x^2 + y^2$ Find dy/dx

## SECTION - 2

- 4. (i) Evaluate  $\int_{2}^{8} |x-5| dx$ .
  - (ii) Find the inflection points for the function  $f(x) = 3x^5 5x^3 + 2$ .
- 5. (i) Determine where the function  $f(x) = x^4 4x^3 + 10$  is increasing, where it is decreasing, where its graph is concave up and where its graph is concave down.
  - (ii) The Cost function of a company is  $c(x) = x^3 6x^2 + 15x$ . Find the average cost. Is there a production level that minimizes average cost? What is this minimum?

## **SECTION - 3**

- 6. (i) Write down the Taylor's series expansion for sin x and compute sin(0.1) to three places of decimals.
  - (ii) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ , if  $x^y + y^x = a^b$
- 7. (i) Test the convergence of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+2)}$ .
  - (ii) Verify Mean value theorem for the function  $f(x) = x^2 4x 3$  in [1,4].