

This question paper contains 4+1 printed pages]

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S. No. of Question Paper : 5735

Unique Paper Code : 235381

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Name of the Paper : Mathematics

Name of the Course : B.Com. (Hons.)

Semester : III

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Attempt *All* the questions as per the directions questionwise.

1. Attempt any *four* parts :

- (a) Find the equation of a line which passes through the point (3, 5, 2) and moves in the direction (1, 1, 1) in parametric form. 6
- (b) Show that the set $\{(1, 0, 1, 0), (0, 1, -1, 2), (0, 2, 2, 1), (1, 0, 0, 1)\}$ is a basis for \mathbb{R}^4 . 6
- (c) Find the matrix representation for counterclockwise rotation of the plane about origin through 90° . 6

- (d) Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$. Find the eigenvalues and the corresponding eigenvectors of the matrix A. 6

P.T.O.

(e) Find an eigenspace of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. 6

2. Attempt any *four* parts :

(a) Find the general term for the following sequences : 6

(i) $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{10}{11}, \frac{17}{18}, \dots$

(ii) $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{5}{10}, \frac{7}{17}, \dots$

(iii) $\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{9}, \frac{7}{28}, \frac{9}{65}, \dots$

(b) Show that the sequence $\langle r^n \rangle$ converges to zero if $|r| < 1$. 6

(c) Show that the series $\sum \frac{1}{n}$ does not converge. 6

(d) State limit comparison test for positive term series. Show that the series : 6

$$\frac{1.2}{3^2 \cdot 4^2} + \frac{3.4}{5^2 \cdot 6^2} + \frac{5.6}{7^2 \cdot 8^2} + \dots$$

is convergent.

(e) State ratio test for a positive term series. Use it to discuss the convergence of the series

$$\sum \frac{1}{n^n}. \quad \text{6}$$

3. Attempt any *two* parts :

(a) Define Fibonacci numbers. Write a 'SPARKS' program to print the value of the n th Fibonacci number F_n . 4

(b) Find the greatest common divisor of the pair :

4

(85,119).

(c) Define 'Big Oh' notation. Show that :

$$f(n) = 60n^2 + 5n + 1 = \theta(n^2).$$

4. Attempt any *three* parts :

(a) (i) Define in-degree and out-degree of a vertex in a directed graph. Give example for each.

(ii) Define a tree. Give an example of a tree.

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(b) Draw graphs with the following adjacency matrices :

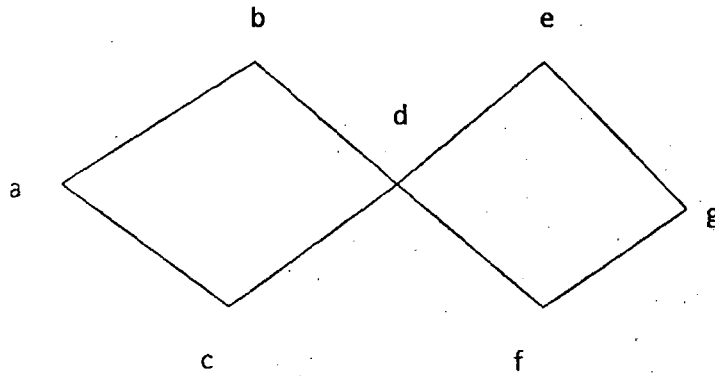
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(i)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(ii)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

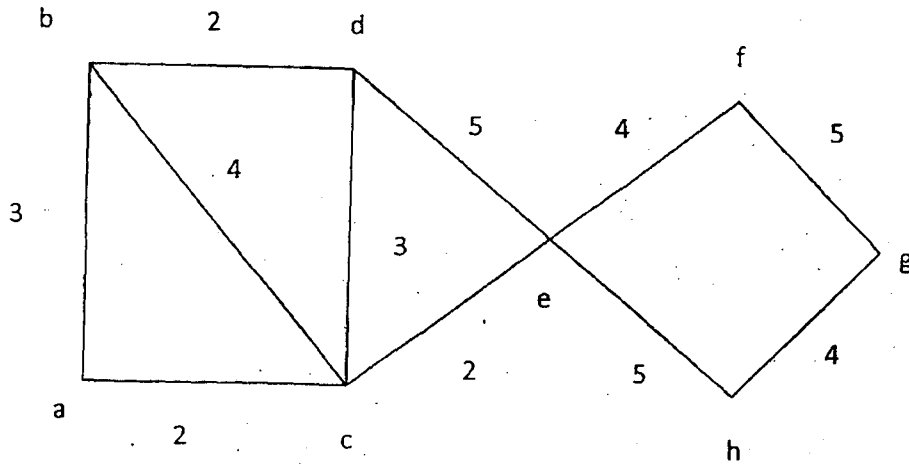
(c) Find the Depth-first search spanning tree of the graph :

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(d) Use Prim's algorithm to find a minimal spanning for the following graph :

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5. Attempt any two parts :

(a) Define the following terms :

3½

(i) Saddle point

(ii) Pure strategy.

(b) A and B play game in which each has three coins, a 5p, a 10p and a 20p. Each player selects a coin without the knowledge of the other choice. If the sum of the coins is an odd amount A wins B's coins, if the sum is even B wins A's coins. Find the best strategy for each player and the value of the game. $3\frac{1}{2}$

(c) Solve the game whose pay-off matrix is : $3\frac{1}{2}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 & 8 \\ 7 & 5 & -1 \\ 6 & 0 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$