

[This question paper contains 3 printed pages.]

2510

Your Roll No.

B.Sc. (G)/II

A

MATHEMATICS – Paper IV

(Vector Calculus and Differential Equations)

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 55

*(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately
on receipt of this question paper.)*

All questions are compulsory.

Attempt any two parts from each question.

*Each part of each question upto 5 carries 4½ marks
but in Question No.1, each part carries 5 marks.*

1. (a) Find the directional derivative of the function

$$\phi(x, y, z) = xy + yz + zx$$

in the direction of the vector $i + 2j + 2k$ at the point $(1, 2, 0)$. (5)

(b) Find $\nabla\phi$, if (i) $\phi = \frac{1}{|\vec{r}|}$

(ii) $\phi = |\vec{r}|^m$ (5)

- (c) Prove that

$$\text{Curl}(\vec{f} \times \vec{g}) = \vec{f} \text{ div } \vec{g} - \vec{g} \text{ div } \vec{f} + (\vec{g} \cdot \nabla)\vec{f} - (\vec{f} \cdot \nabla)\vec{g}$$

(5)

P.T.O.

2. (a) Solve: $x \frac{dy}{dx} - y = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$. (4.5)

(b) Solve: $(x^2y^3 + xy)dy = dx$. (4.5)

(c) Solve: $xy p^2 + p(3x^2 - 2y^2) - 6xy = 0$. (4.5)

3. (a) Solve: $(D^3 + 1)y = \sin 3x - \cos^2 \frac{x}{2}$. (4.5)

(b) Solve: $(D^2 + 4)y = \sin 2x$. (4.5)

(c) Show that linearly independent solutions of $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 0$ are e^x and e^{2x} . Find the solution $y(x)$ with the property that $y(0) = 0$, $y'(0) = 1$. (4.5)

4. (a) Solve:

$$x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2x(1+x) \frac{dy}{dx} + 2(1+x)y = x^3. \quad (4.5)$$

(b) Solve:

$$\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y \right) \cot x + 2 \left(\frac{dy}{dx} + y \tan x \right) = 0. \quad (4.5)$$

(c) Solve:

$$x^4 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2x^3 \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0. \quad (4.5)$$

5. (a) Solve :

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} = e^x \sin x$$

by the method of variation of parameters. (4.5)

(b) Solve :

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} - 3y = 2e^x - 10 \sin x$$

by the method of undetermined co-efficients.

(4.5)

(c) Solve :

$$[(1+x)^2 D^2 + (1+x)D + 1]y = 4 \cos[\log(1+x)].$$

(4.5)

6. (a) Solve the following Simultaneous differential equations :

$$\frac{dx}{dt} + 5x + y = e^t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} - x + 3y = e^{2t} \quad (4.5)$$

(b) Solve :

$$\frac{dx}{x^2} + \frac{dy}{y^2} = \frac{dz}{nxy} \quad (4.5)$$

(c) Solve :

$$(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)dx - 2xy dy - 2xz dz = 0. \quad (4.5)$$

(200)****