

This question paper contains 8 printed pages]

Your Roll No.....

5176

B.Sc. Prog./Life Science/Physical Science/1st Sem. B

Paper—CHPT-101

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Use separate answer-sheet for Section A and Section B.

Section A

Question No. 1 is compulsory.

Attempt any *two* more from the rest.

1. **Part A** : Attempt any *three* questions. 3×3=9

- (a) Arrange the following according to their increasing order of the electrical conductance in water and explain :

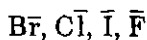
LiCl, KCl, NaCl.

- (b) Arrange the following according to their decreasing order of melting points and explain :

LiF, LiI, LiBr, LiCl.

P.T.O.

- (c) Arrange the following ions according to their decreasing trend of polarizability :



and explain.

- (d) ZnO when heated is yellow in colour but turn white when cooled. Explain.

Part B : Attempt any *three* questions. $3 \times 1\frac{1}{2} = 4\frac{1}{2}$

- (a) BeCl_2 is relatively covalent while BaCl_2 is ionic.

Explain.

- (b) NaCl is soluble in water while AgCl is not. Explain.

- (c) $\text{Mg}(\text{OAc})_2$ on heating turns to MgO , but $\text{Ba}(\text{OAc})_2$ forms BaCO_3 . Explain.

- (d) $\text{AlCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ is ionic in nature but AlCl_3 is covalent ? Explain.

2. Attempt any *three* questions : $3 \times 4 = 12$

- (a) What is Schrödinger wave equation ? Discuss its applicability for the simplest one-electron quantum system (Hydrogen atom) explaining the terms involved.

- (b) Discuss the physical significance of ψ and ψ^2 . What do you understand by normalized and orthogonal wave functions ?
- (c) Write down and sketch the radial wave functions for $3s$, $3p$, $3d$ orbitals on the same set of axis.
- (d) Discuss De-Broglie concept of matter waves. How did he derive the famous equation $\lambda = \frac{h}{mV}$?

3. Attempt any *three* questions : 4×3=12

- (a) Discuss the Born-Haber cycle for estimating lattice energy of NaCl.
- (b) Discuss the importance of 'Lattice Energy' in relation to 'Hydration Energy' for predicting the stability of ionic compounds.
- (c) Calculate the heat of formation (ΔH_f) of MgF_2 using Born-Haber cycle. Given :

Sublimation Energy of Mg, (S) = 146.4 kJ mole⁻¹.

Ionization Energy of Mg, I(Mg⁺⁺) = 2184.0 kJ mole⁻¹

Dissociation Energy of F₂, (D) = 158.9 kJ mole⁻¹

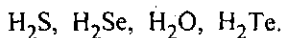
Electron affinity of F, EA(F⁻) = - 334.7 kJ mole⁻¹

Lattice Energy of MgF₂, (U₀) = - 2922.5 kJ mole⁻¹

- (d) Explain, how BaSO_4 is insoluble in water and MgSO_4 is quite soluble ? How is BaO more soluble than MgO , despite the fact that Barium and Magnesium belong to same family ?

4. Attempt any *three* questions : 3×4=12

- (a) Discuss the basic features of VSEPR theory, and its limitations.
- (b) Arrange the following in their increasing bond angles, and explain :



- (c) Draw the MO energy level diagrams of O_2 and N_2 molecules and explain :
- (i) O_2 is paramagnetic and N_2 is not
- (ii) O_2 is oxidizing in nature and N_2 is not.
- (d) Write down the factors which control polarizing power of cations and polarizability of anions in ionic compounds.

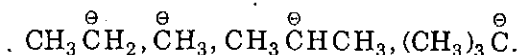
Section B

Question No. 5 is compulsory.

Attempt any two questions from remaining.

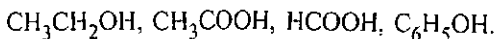
5. (a) Draw all the staggered conformations of *n*-butane. Which amongst these is most stable ? Give reasons for your answer. 3

- (b) Giving reasons arrange the following carbanions in increasing order of stability : 2

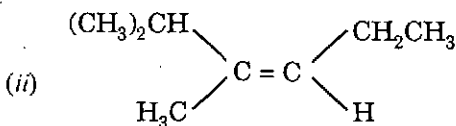
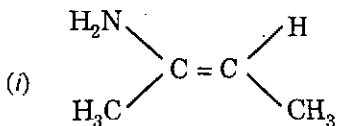


- (c) How many stereoisomers are possible for 2, 3-dibromobutane ? Write their structures and give their relationship with each other. 5

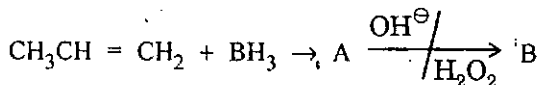
- (d) Giving reasons arrange the following molecules in the decreasing order of their acid strength : 3½



6. (a) Assign E/Z to the following compounds : 3



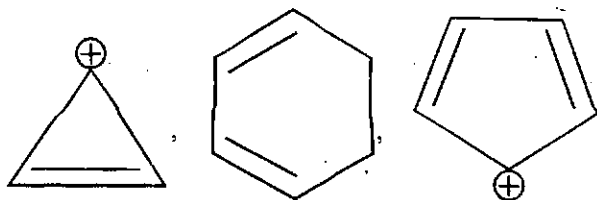
- (b) Complete the following reaction. Comment on chirality of A and B : 3



- (c) Write short notes on any two : 3,3
- Wurtz reaction
 - Birch reduction
 - Hydration of alkenes.
7. (a) Deduce the structure of a 5 carbon alkene 'X' from the following observations : 6
- 'X' when heated with HBr forms 2-Bromo-2-methylbutane
 - One of the products of ozonolysis of 'X' is acetaldehyde.

Give chemical reactions involved in both (i) and (ii) and mechanism involved in (i).

- (b) Which of the following compounds are aromatic, antiaromatic or non-aromatic. Justify your answer in each case : 6



8. (a) Write down Fischer projections for the following and assign R/S configuration to each : 8

