8081

Your Roll No.....

B.Sc. / I

JS

COMPUTER SCIENCE— Paper I

(Programming Fundamentals and Data Structures)

(Admissions of 1999 and onwards)

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 38

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

All questions are compulsory.

Parts of a question must be answered together.

- 1. (a) What is the minimum number of iterations that:
 - (i) a while loop could make?
 - (ii) A do while loop could make?

1

(b) Evaluate:

(i) 9/(3*3)+5%3

(ii) 9/3*3+5%3.

1

(c) For x=5, compute the value of y by the following statement:

$$y=(x>10? 3:30);$$
 1

P. T. O.

(d) Explain the meaning of the following function prototypes:

2

```
(i) int*p(char a[]);
```

- (e) What is the difference between structure and union?
- 2. (a) What is the output of the following program segments?

```
(i) int a=8, b=4, c,d;

c=a&b;

d=a|b;

printf("%d %d",c,d); 2
```

(ii) void main ()
{ int arr []={2, 4, 6, 8, 10};
int i=4, *ptr;
ptr=arr+4;
while (i>=0)
{ cout <<* ptr;
--ptr; --i; }}

(b) Write a nested loop to print the following pattern:

8 8 8 8

6 6 6

4 4

2

3. (a)	Declare an array of nested structure to store the following details about the employees of a company:
	employee code, employee name, date of birth (dd/mm/yy) and salary.
(b)	What operations cannot be performed—
	(i) on a single pointer variable?
	(ii) between two pointer variables? 2
(c)	Write a program that reads a given text file and prints the number of vowels present in it. 3
4. (a)	Sort the elements 5, 2, 10, 6, 9, 3 using selection sort. Show the list after each pass.
(b)	Write a recursive function to compute x^y , where x and y are integers.
(c)	Write a function to add a node at the beginning of a singly linked list of integer values. 3
5. (a)	Define Circular Queue. What are its advantages over a Linear Queue? Explain by drawing figures.
(b)	Evaluate the following postfix expression. Also show the status of the stack at every step: $2 + 3 + 2 + 4 + 4$
(a)	Compute the number of nodes in a complete

Binary Tree of height h.

1

(d) Show the sequence of nodes in which they are visited in the following Binary Search Tree using Preorder, Inorder and Postorder traversal:

