

Paper—BY 105 – BIOLOGY

(Admissions of 2008 and onwards)

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 75.

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

SECTION A (Botany)

Attempt three questions in all including
Question No. I which is compulsory.

1. (i) Define/Explain any nine of the following :

- (a) Mass Number
- (b) pH Scale
- (c) Polymer
- (d) Hydrophobic substances
- (e) Diffusion
- (f) Cohesion
- (g) Tonicity
- (h) Plasmolysis
- (i) Radioactive Isotopes
- (j) Trace element
- (k) Virus.

1×9=9

(ii) Briefly describe the various models proposed for explaining the structure of biomembranes.

Or

Briefly describe Miller's experiment on abiotic synthesis of organic compounds.

2. (i) Comment on :-

- (a) The biological importance of water.

P. T. O.

(b) Amino acids are building blocks of proteins.

$3 \times 2 = 6$

(ii) Write an account on cellular proteins and their various functions.

6

3. (i) Give one word answer:

(a) A storage polysaccharide of plants

(b) A microscope used to study the internal ultrastructure of cells.

(c) An instrument used to isolate cell components based on size and density.

(d) The study of cell structure.

(e) A process in which cell takes in biological molecules by forming new vesicles from plasma membrane.

5

(ii) Describe the construction, working and image formation of a compound microscope.

7

4. Differentiate between any four:

(i) Magnification and Resolution

(ii) Macroelements and Microelements

(iii) Primary and secondary structure of proteins

(iv) DNA and RNA

(v) Saturated and unsaturated fatty acids

(vi) 1,4-glycosidic bonds and 1,6-glycosidic bonds.

12

5. Write short notes on any four:

(i) Chloroplast

(ii) Structural polysaccharides

(iii) Covalent bonds

(iv) Functions of cell wall

(v) Geometric Isomers.

12

Section B (Zoology)

37

Answer *three* questions including Question 1 which is compulsory. Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

1 A. Complete the statement in column I with those in column II:

3

| I | II |
|-------------------|--------------|
| i. Bacteriophage | Protein |
| ii. Ribosome | Interphase |
| iii. Mitochondria | Transduction |
| iv. Peptidoglycan | RNA |
| v. Nucleolus | ATP |
| vi. Gap phase | Bacteria |

B. Fill in the blanks:

5

- i. are rod shaped bacteria.
- ii. is the transfer of DNA from one bacterial cell to another via a special protein structure pilus.
- iii. are called suicidal bags of the cell.
- iv. The plasma membrane in folding in bacterial cell is called
- v. The chromosome with centromere placed in the central position is called as

C. Answer in one word:

4

- i. Scientist who discovered nucleus.
- ii. Site for ribosome biogenesis.
- iii. Proposed the most accepted model for plasma membrane.
- iv. Coined the term Lysosome.

2. Differentiate between *any five*

12.5

- i. Autophagosome and Heterophagosome
- ii. Translation and Transcription
- iii. Nucleoid and Plasmid
- iv. Microfilament and Microtubule
- v. Centromere and Telomere
- vi. 70S and 80S ribosome
- vii. Acrocentric and Submetacentric
- viii. Coacervate and Microsphere

3. Write short note on :

6.5

i Urey- Miller experiment

6

ii Fossils

or

Endoplasmic reticulum

4 a. Describe the various morphological types of chromosomes as per position of centomere.

4

b. Differentiate between Eukaryote and Prokaryote

3.5

c. Draw neat labeled diagram of cell cycle.

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