This question	paper contains 7 printed	pages]
	Your Roll	No
5185-B	•	
	B.Sc. Prog./Life Science	e/III Sem. B
	Paper—LSPT 30	06
	(Introduction to Medical	Diagnostics)
Time: 3 Hou	rs	Maximum Marks: 75
(Write your Roll	No. on the top immediately on	receipt of this question paper.)
Ansv	wer Five questions in all, i	ncluding question
	number 1 which is cor	npulsory.
l. (a) De	efine any four of the folio	owing :
(1)	Neoplasm;	
(ii) Haemostasis;	
į (ii	i) XXY condition;	
(in	v) Landsteiner's Law;	
· (v)	Type I diabetes.	. 4

(b) Differentiate between any five of the following pair of terms: Serum and Plasma; Embolus and Thrombus; (ii) = (iii) Agglutinogen and Agglutinin; (iv) Leucocytosis and Leucopenia; Metaplasia and Aplasia; (v)(vi) Hypertrophy and Hyperplasia. 10 Name any five of the following: (c) An instrument used to estimate amount of (i) haemoglobin; Cancer arising from muscle/mesodermal or connective (ii)tissue; (iii) High sugar level of blood;

(iv) Wandering cell of vertebrate blood;

(

(v) Packed cell volume; (vi) Chemical that stimulates cell division. Expand the following abbreviations: (d) ESR-(i)(ii) Cf (iii) TAFs (iv) EDTA. Match the terms of column B with those of column A: (e) Column A Column B Wilhelm Roentgen (a) PET (ii) Edward Hoffan (b) · MRI (iii) Dr. Karl Theodar Dussik (c) X-ray (iv) Raymond Damadian (d) Ultrasound

2.	(a)	What is the nature, source and function of insulin i	in
		the body ?	4
	(b)	Describe the method of GLC.	6
	(c)	How is HPLC a better chromatographic technique	ıe
		than LC?	2
3.	(a)	Describe the tests for :	
		(i) Urea, and	
		(ii) Glucose. 34	-3
	(b)	Explain the importance of blood coagulation as a diagnost	ic
		tool in hematology.	4
	(c)	Write a note on the mode of action of anticoagulants.	2
4.	(a)	Describe in detail Alzheimer's disease.	4
	(b)	What is meant by metastasis? List the various type	es
		of cancer.	4

(c) The frequency distribution of marks obtained by 100 students in Bio-informatics papers is given below.

Compute:

- (i) Arithmetic Mean;
- (ii) Mode;
- (iii) Median; and
- (iv) Standard Deviation/Variance.

MALKS	Frequency	
1020	5	
20—30	. 17	
30—40	. 26	
4050	12	•
50—60	23	
0—70	17	

- 5. (a) Give an account of the life history of malarial parasite in man with the help of diagrams.
 - (b) Why is Plasmodium falciparum more dangerous than other forms of Plasmodium?
- 6. (a) Give the differences between discrete and continuous

 variables with the help of suitable examples. 2
 - (b) Discuss the application of Chi-square test. 2
 - (c) Which disease is caused by Mycobacterium tuber.
 culosis? Describe its pathogenicity. 4
 - (d) Systolic blood pressure of six hypersensitive patients were 183, 179, 165, 190, 175 and 180 mm Hg. After administration of a particular drug for one week, the BP were 187, 175, 150, 180, 180 and 170 mm Hg resectively. Could such differences arise due to chance? Five reasons for your answer.

7)

5185-B

3+3+3+3

2

5

5

7. Gite the principles and appropriate of	7.	Give	the	principles	and	applications	of	
---	----	------	-----	------------	-----	--------------	----	--

- Ultrasound (a)
- (b) MRI
- CT (c)
- (d) PET.
- 8. (a) What is a tumour marker ?
 - (b) Describe the diseases of ageing.
 - (c) What are immunological diseases? Describe autoimmune hemolytic anemia (AHA).