| [This  | question paper contains 4 printed pages.]   |      |  |  |  |  |
|--------|---|------|--|--|--|--|
| 1931   | Your Roll No  |      |  |  |  |  |
|        | B.Sc. (Prog.) / II  | E    |  |  |  |  |
|        | COMPUTER SCIENCE  |      |  |  |  |  |
| 1      | Paper - CS-202 - Computer System Architecture                                     |      |  |  |  |  |
|        | (Admissions of 2005 and onwards)  |      |  |  |  |  |
| Time:  | 3 Hours Maximum Marks   | : 75 |  |  |  |  |
|        | (Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)   |      |  |  |  |  |
|        | Question 1 is compulsory.  Attempt any five questions from  Question Nos. 2 to 8. |      |  |  |  |  |
| 1. (a) | Verify using Boolean algebra:   |      |  |  |  |  |
|        | (X + Y)(X + Z) = X + YZ   | (3)  |  |  |  |  |
| (b)    | Explain the working of a RS flip-flop.  | (3)  |  |  |  |  |
| (c)    | What is a Hit ratio?  | (3)  |  |  |  |  |
| (d)    | Explain LDA memory-reference instruction.   | (3)  |  |  |  |  |

(e) Give the truth table of the following expression F = xy'z + x'y'z + xyz (3)

P.T.O.

(f) Using ten's complement, perform the following:

$$(-625)_{10} + (731)_{10}$$
 (3)

- (g) Differentiate between direct and indirect addressing modes. (3)
- (h) Represent the number 1101.1101 in normalized floating point representation with 16 bits. The normalized fraction mantissa has 9 bits and the exponent has 7 bits. (2)
- (i) Represent  $(321)_{10}$  in BCD form. (2)
- (a) Simplify the Boolean function F using K-map in sum-of-products form and draw the logic diagram of simplified F.

$$F(a, b, c, d) = \sum (0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 12)$$
 (5)

- (b) Draw the flowchart for the interrupt cycle of the basic computer. (5)
- (a) Briefly explain the working of an I/O interface unit with its block diagram.
   (6)
  - (b) The content of a 4 bit register is initially 1101. The register is shifted 4 times to the right with the serial input being 10110. Show the contents of register after each shift. (4)

| 4. | Give the | function | table | and th | e logic | circuit | οf |
|----|----------|----------|-------|--------|---------|---------|----|
|----|----------|----------|-------|--------|---------|---------|----|

- (a) 4-to-l multiplexer. (5)
- (b) 4-bit full adder circuit. (5)
- (a) What is an Interrupt? Briefly explain the three different types of interrupts giving example of each.
  - (b) The following memory units are specified by the number of words times the number of bits per word. Specify the number of address and data lines:
    - (i)  $32M \times 16$

(ii) 
$$2G \times 32$$
 (4)

- 6. (a) Briefly explain 'Virtual Memory' and 'Primary Memory'. How many 128 × 8 RAM chips are needed to provide a memory capacity of 2048 bytes? (6)
  - (b) Write any four characteristics of each RISC and CISC architecture based processors. (4)
- Convert the following numbers to the indicated base:
  - (a)  $(1101011)_2$  to  $(...)_8$

1931

4

(b)  $(1101011)_2$  to  $(...)_{10}$ 

- (c)  $(635)_8$  to  $(...)_{16}$
- (d)  $(A9)_{16}$  to  $(...)_2$

(c) 
$$(182)_{10}$$
 to  $(...)_2$  (10)

- 8. Write short notes on the following (any four):
  - (a) Indexed addressing mode-
  - (b) Edge-triggered flip-flops
  - (c) Zero-address instructions
    - (d) Interrupt initiated I/O
    - (c) Selective set and selective compliment logic microoperations (2.5×4)