his question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

603

Your Roll No......

B.Sc. Prog./III

AS

CH-301: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

(Admissions of 2008 & onwards)

me: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Attempt four questions in all, including Q. No. 1, which is compulsory.

(a) Name the following compounds as per IUPAC system

(i)
$$[(NH_3)_4CO < OH > CO(en)_2] (CH_3COO)_4$$

(ii) $K_3[Fe(CN)_5NO^+]$

(iii)
$$(NH_4)_2[Ni(en)Br_2(H_2O)(NH_3)]$$
 (3×2)

- (b) Give the formulae for following names of complexes:
 - (i) Bis(dimethylglyoximate) nickel(II) (2)
 - (ii) Ammonium tetrathiocyanato-N diiodochromate(III)

(2)

(iii) μ-amido-μ-superoxotetrakis(ethylenediamne)

dicobalt(III) nitrate	(2.5)
(a) Ionization Energies of 3d elements are low	er than
4d or 5d elements, why?	(3)
(b) Discuss the structure and bonding of Zei	ss salt
	(4)
(c) Give two examples of compounds having do	system
but even then these are coloured explain the	reason
for the same.	(3)
(d) Transition elements have a tendency t	o form
complexes. Explain.	(2.5)
Chromatography.`	(2½)
(ii) Discuss Latimer diagrams, their significa	nce and
applications for oxidation states of me	tals for
Mn, Cu, & Fe.	(3)
(iii) What are inner orbital & outer	orbitai
complexes? Illustrate your answe	r with
examples for Cr & Fe complexes.	(4)
(iv) What is John-Teller distortion, explain w	with the
help of a suitable example.	(3)
	 (a) Ionization Energies of 3d elements are low 4d or 5d elements, why? (b) Discuss the structure and bonding of Zeis (c) Give two examples of compounds having do but even then these are coloured explain the for the same. (d) Transition elements have a tendency to complexes. Explain. Write short notes on any three of the follow (i) Separation of Lanthanons by Ion Exchromatography. (ii) Discuss Latimer diagrams, their significate applications for oxidation states of me Mn, Cu, & Fe. (iii) What are inner orbital & outer complexes? Illustrate your answer examples for Cr & Fe complexes. (iv) What is John-Teller distortion, explain to the following states of th

- 4. (a) What happens when: (Write equation)
 - (i) H_2S is bubbled through acidic solution of $K_2Cr_2O_7$
 - (ii) Cl₂ is passed through a solution of K₄Fe(CN)₆
 - (iii) CH₃COOH is added to a mixture of CO(NO₃)₂ and KNO₂
 - (iv) KMnO₄ is added to MnSO₄ in neutral medium
 - (b) Complete the reaction

- 5. (a) Calculate CFSE for d¹, d⁴, d⁶ systems for octahedral geometry in weak and strong fields. (4.5)
 - (b) Why magnitude of crystal field splitting in tetrahedral complexes is less than in octahedral fields?

 (4)
 - (c) Calculate Effective Atomic Number of
 Fe(CO)₅, Ni(CO)₄ & [Fe(CN)₆]⁴⁻ and V(CO)₆

 (4)
- 6. (a) Discuss geometrical isomerism in square-planar complexes taking suitable examples. (4)

(b) Which of the following ions has maximum value of magnetic moment?

$$Cu^+, Cr^{3+}, Mn^{2+}$$
 (3)

(c) Use Valence Bond theory to explain the bonding in the following compounds:

$$[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}, [Ni(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$$
 (3)

(d) Explain the structure of $[Li_4(CH_3)_4]$. (2.5)