This question paper contains 3 printed pages]											
			Ro	il No. [
S. No. of C	Question Paper	: 1849									
Unique Paper Code		: 217663						E			
Name of the Paper		: Instrume	: Instrumental Methods of Analysis [ICPT-606]								
Name of the Course		: B.Sc. (Pr	: B.Sc. (Prog.) Applied Physical Sc./Industrial Chemistry								
Semester		: VI									
Duration:	3 Hours							Maxi	imum	Mar	ks: 75
	(Write your R	oll No. on the	top immediately	on recei	ipt of i	this q	questi	ion p	aper.,)	,
Attempt six questions in all.											
Question No. 1 is compulsory.											
1. (i) Why do we use TMS as reference compound in Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR)											
	spectroscopy	· ?									3
(ii) Distinguish between Hypsochromic shift and Bathochormic shift in UV									ı UV		
	spectroscopy	′?									3
(iii)	Give an acc	ount for the q	ualitative estim	ation of	haloge	ens (Cl⁻,	Br-,	I).		3
(iv)	How Diffe	rential The	mal Analysis	(DTA)	tech	niqu	ie is	use	d ir	ı pol	ymer
	industry?										3
(v)	What are the	e factors which	h affect the vis	cosity of	liquio	d ?			•		3
										1	P.T.O.

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2.	(i)	List the factors affecting separation in Gas Chromatography (GC).	4
	(ii)	What is the principle of Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC)? Explain the scheme	atic
		representation of DSC instrument.	4
	(iii)	What are the different modes of vibrations in Infra Red (IR) spectroscopy?	4
3.	(i)	What are advantages of Induced Couple Plasma Spectroscopy over Flame Spectroscopy	?4
	(ii)	Define R_f value in chromatography. What factors affect the R_f value.	4
	(iii)	What is the effect of polar solvents in the shifts of absorption bands in UV-vis	ible
		spectroscopy?	4
4.	<i>(i)</i>	Define crystallisation. Explain the importance of solvent selection in crystallisation.	4
	(ii)	Discuss the principle of Coulometric Analysis. What types of coulometric methods	s are
		used for the analysis?	4
	(iii)	Describe standards (any two):	2×2
		(a) ISO	
		(b) BTS	
		(c) EURO.	
5.	Wr	ite short notes on :	
	(i)	Ion Exchange chromatography	
	(ii)	Rheological properties	
	(jii	Solvent extraction.	3×4

(i) What is the role of carrier gas in Gas Liquid Chromatography (GLC)? 3 6. Write short notes on: (ii) Chemical shifts (a) Atomic fluorescence spectroscopy (b) Fingerprint region in Infra Red spectroscopy. 3×3 (c) Discuss the principle involved in High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) 7. (i) technique. Explain the basic concept of conductometric analysis. With the help of a suitable diagram 4 describe the instrumental design. Differentiate between Flame Emission Spectroscopy and Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy.