This quest	tion paper co	ntains 4 printed page	s] ⁻				
			Roll No.				
S. No. of C	Question Pape	er : 8352					
Unique Pa	per Code	: 234561			C		
Name of the Paper : C		: CSPT 505 : Con	nputer Network	s			
Name of th	ne Course	B.Sc. Physical S	cience with Con	nputer Scienc	e Part III		
Semester		: V					
Duration:	3 Hours				Maximum M	1arks : 75	
•	(Write your R	Roll No. on the top im	mediately on rec	eipt of this que	stion paper.)		
		Question N	lo 1 is compulse	ory.			
		Attempt any Five fro	m remaining sev	en questions.			
		In all six questi	ons are to be at	tempted.			
		Marks are indica	ted against each	question.			
		All parts of a ques	tion must be do	ne together.			
1. Atte	mpt all parts	:					
(i)	(i) List any two advantages of a multipoint connection					to-point	
•	connection.					(2)	
(ii)	Consider tw	o computers connect	ed by an Ethern	et hub at hom	e. Will it be o	classified	
	as a LAN,	a MAN, or a WAN	? Give reason	S.		. (2)	
(iii)	Identify one	ne or more layers of the OSI model for the following functions:					
	(a) Route	determination					
	(b) Flow of	control					
•	(c) Interfa	ace to transmission mo	edia				
•	(d) Provid	ding access for the en	nd user.			(2)	
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(iv)	What is the significance of the twisting in twisted-pair cable?	(1)
(v)	Explain how can we physically extend the length of a LAN?	(2)
(vi)	Show how the following data 000111111110011111101000 would change when bit stuff	fing
	is applied on it.	(2)
(vii)	Name the events that can occur at the sender site in Stop and Wait protocol.	(2)
(viii)	Interpret the following flag values in a dynamic routing table:-"D","G"	(2)
(ix)	Which is a preferred name space: - hierarchical or a flat name space for a system	n of
	the size of the Internet ? Give reasons.	(2)
(x)	Identify the number of labels and the levels of hierarchy in the DNS domain name	e in
	"my.computerinst.edu."	(2)
(xi)	Withdrawal of money from an ATM machine involves message authentication or e	ntity
	authentication, or both ? Explain.	(2)
(xii)	What is a browser? Name the different components of a browser.	(4)
(a)	Identify the four basic network topologies, and list an advantage of each type.	(4)
(b)	Explain in brief any two responsibilities each of the data link layer and the network	ork/
	layer in the Internet model.	(4)
(c)	Compare and contrast (at least two points) fiber optic cable with metallic cable	as a
	transmission media.	(2)
(a)	What does "unguided media" communication imply? Explain in brief the differen	ť
	techniques of transmission of unguided signals.	(5)

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(b) Identify the different persistence methods that can be adopted when a station finds a

		channel busy. Explain the p-persistence approach in detail. What are the adv	in the p-persistence approach in detail. What are the advantages of			
		using this approach?	(5)			
4.	(a)	Define a virtual circuit network. List the major characteristics of such a network.				
		Identify the different ways of addressing used in such a network.	(5)			
	(b)	An organization is granted the block 211.17.180.0/24. The administrator w	ants to			
		create 32 subnets.	(5)			
		(i) Find the subnet mask.				
	•	(ii) Find the number of addresses in each subnet.				
		(iii) Find the first and last addresses in subnet 1.				
5.	(a)	What is classless addressing? List the restrictions imposed by the internet a	uthorities			
		on classless address blocks.	(4)			
	(b) ⁻	Categorize the following as FQDN (Fully Qualified domain name) or PQDN	(Partially			
		Qualified domain name).	(2)			
		(i) abc				
		(ii) abc.xyz.				
		(iii) abc.xyz.net				
		(iv) abc.xyz.pqr.edu.				
	(c)·	Name and explain in brief the different FTP transmission modes.	(4)			
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6. ((a)	Show a request that asks for information about a document at /bin/users/file. Use at le		
		two general headers and one request header. Also show the response to a successi	ful	
		request for this.	(5)	

- (b) Define firewall. Explain the functioning of proxy firewall. (5)
- 7. Differentiate between the following (any five): $(5\times2 = 10)$
 - (a) Passive hub and active hub;
 - (b) Forward error correction and correction by retransmission;
 - (c) Primary server and secondary server;
 - (d) Recursive resolution and iterative resolution;
 - (e) Local and remote log-in in TELNET;
 - (f) Active document and dynamic document;
 - (g) Intranet and extranet.
- 8. Write notes on any two of the following:

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

- (a) SMTP
- (b) TELNET
- (c) Virtual Private Network
- (d) CSMA/CD
- (e) Datagram Networks

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