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Your Roll No.....

B.Tech (M) / II

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EME - 201 Paper - MATHEMATICS - II

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Attempt any five questions. Assume missing data, if any.

All questions carry equal marks.

1 a) Find the constants a, b, c so that

$$\overrightarrow{F} = (x + 2y + az) \hat{i} + (bx - 3y - z) \hat{j} + (4x + cy + 2z) \hat{k}$$
is irrotational.

If $\overrightarrow{F} = \operatorname{grad} \phi$, show that

$$\phi = \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{3y^2}{2} + z^2 + 2xy + 4xz - yz$$

where ϕ is known as scalar potential.

b) Evaluate $\iint_{S} \vec{A} \cdot \hat{n} \, ds, \text{ where } \vec{A} = z \hat{i} + x \hat{j} + 3y^2 z \hat{k}$

and s is the surface of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ included in the first octant between z = 0 and z = 2.

2 a) Prove that

$$n P'_{n}(x) - P'_{n-1}(x) = n P_{n}(x)$$

b) Show that
$$J_n(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \cos(n\theta - x \sin\theta) d\theta.$$

3 a) Find the Laplace Transform of the Periodic function $f(t) = \frac{kt}{T}, \text{ for } 0 < t < T, f(t+T) = ft$

b) Solve the following differential equation by using Laplace Transform:

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 3 \cos 2x$$
where $y = \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ at $x = 0$.

4 a) Evaluate

(i)
$$L^{-1}\left(\frac{s+2}{(s^2-4s+13)}\right)$$

(ii)
$$L^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{s(s^2 + a^2)} \right]$$

b) Define unit step function and find the laplace transform at the following:

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t - 1, & \text{if } 1 < t < 2 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

5 a) Find the bilinear transform which maps the point z = 1, i, -1 into the points w = i, 0, - i. Hence find the image of $|z| \le 1$.

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- b) Verify Cauchy's theorem for the integral of z³ taken over the boundary of rectangle with vertices 1, 1, 1 + i, -1 + i
- a) Evaluate the following integral by Contour integration: 6

$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{(5-3\sin\theta)^2}$$

b) Show that

$$\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \tan \theta \ d\theta = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{4} \right] \left[\frac{3}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$$

a) Use Stoke's theorem to evaluate

$$\iint_{\mathbb{R}^n} (\nabla \times \overrightarrow{F}) \cdot \hat{n} \, ds.$$

where $\vec{F} = y \hat{i} + (x - 2xz) \hat{j} - xy \hat{k}$ and s is the surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ above the x y plane.

b) Show that
$$\iiint_V (\nabla \cdot \overrightarrow{F}) dV = \frac{8}{3}$$

where $\stackrel{\longleftrightarrow}{F} = (2x^2 - 3z)\hat{i} - 2xy\hat{j} - 4x\hat{k}$ and V is the closed region bounded by the planes x = 0, y = 0, z = 0and 2x + 2y + z = 4.