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Your	Roll	No	

2661

B.A. (Programme)/I

D-II

(L)

ENGLISH DISCIPLINE: Paper I

The Individual and Society, An Anthology

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 100

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Attempt all questions.

- 1. (A) Read the given lines and answer the questions that follow:
 - (a) Today when he came from the shrine in his house he saw Dukhi the Untouchable tanner sitting there with a bundle of grass. As soon as he caught sight P.T.O.

of him Dukhi stood up, prostrated himself on the ground, stood up again and folded his hands. Seeing the Pandit's glorious figure his heart was filled with reverence. How godly a sight!—a rather short, rolypoly fellow with a bald, shiny skull, chubby cheeks and eyes aglow with brahmanical energy. The sandalwood markings bestowed on him the aspect of the gods.

- (i) Identify the text, author and explain the context.
- (ii) Do you think the writer uses irony by associating the Pandit with godly aspects?

 Explain.
- (iii) Explain how Dukhi's reverence for the brahmanical system results in his tragic fate. 8

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Or

(b) But you came with a mind large as the sky to my pocket size house

I thought you had ripped out all those caste things

You came bridging that chasm that divides us

Truly, friend I was really happy

With the naïve devotion of Shabari I arranged the food on your plate

- (i) Identify the text, author and explain the context.
- (ii) Who was Shabari? What does the speaker mean by naïve devotion? Explain.
- (iii) What does the author mean by "chasm that divides us"? Elaborate.

toys which disappear behind the hernia of broken spring.

- (i) Identify the text, author and explain the context.
- (ii) Explain how the writer favours the natural overthe artificial in this passage.
- (iii) The writer refers the wooden toys described hereto the modern toys described earliest in theessay. Explain, why.

Or

(b) Soon he would touch

our land. His charted mind's desire

The blue sky blessed the morning with its fire

But did his vision

fashion as he watched the shore

- (B) Read the following lines and answer the questions that follow:
 - (a) Wood removes, from all the forms which it supports, the wounding quality of angles which are too sharp, the chemical coldness of metal. When the child handles it and knocks it, it neither vibrates nor grates, it has a sound at once muffled and sharp. It is a familiar and poetic substance, which does not sever the child from close contact with the tree, the table, the floor. Wood does not wound or break down, it does not shatter; it wears out, it can last a longer time, live with the child, alter little by little the relations between the object and the hand. If it dies, it is in dwindling, not in swelling out like those mechanical

the slaughter that his soldiers

futhered here?

- (i) Identify the text, author and explain the context.
- (ii) Comment on the brutality of colonisation which is reflected in these lines.
- (iii) This poem gives voice to the voiceless, records
 the untold story of the trauma of the colonised
 people. Do you agree ? Elaborate.
- Show how the imaginary figure of Judith poignantly portrays the plight of a woman in a patriarchal society in "Shakespeare's Sister".

Or

Comment on the significance and the symbolic value of the exercise book in Tagore's "The Exercise Book".

Explain how Wole Soyinka's "Telephone Conversation" records
 the painful experience of the dark-skinned people in a racist
 society.
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Or

Comment on the significance of the title of Nadine Gordiner's "Jump".

4. Describe Manto's "The Dog of Tetwal" as an anti-war story.

Or

Compare the different aspects of the protest against war in Millay's "Conscientious Objector" and Brecht's "General, Your Tank".